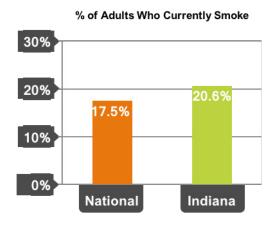
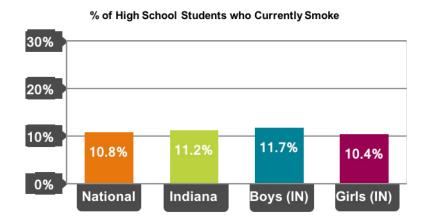


Tobacco in Indiana

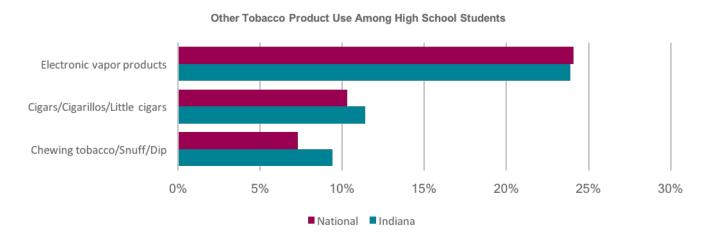
CIGARETTE USE*1-2





OTHER TOBACCO USE

- The prevalence of smokeless tobacco use among adults in Indiana was 4.2% in 2014.³
- In 2015, 4.6% of adults in Indiana used e-cigarettes at least one day in the past 30 days. 4
- In 2015, 9.4% of high school students in Indiana used chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on at least one day in the past 30 days. Nationally, 7.3% of high school students used smokeless tobacco on at least one day in the past 30 days.²
- In 2015, 11.4% of high school students in Indiana smoked cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least one day in the past 30 days. Nationally, 10.3% of high school students smoked cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least one day in the past 30 days.²
- In 2015, 23.9% of high school students in Indiana used electronic vapor products on at least one day in the past 30 days. Nationally, 24.1% of high school students used electronic vapor products on at least one day in the past 30 days.²



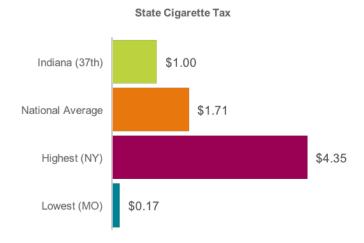
ECONOMICS OF TOBACCO USE AND TOBACCO CONTROL

- In FY2017, Indiana allocated \$5.9 million in state funds to tobacco prevention, which is 8% of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) Annual Spending Target.⁵
- Indiana received an estimated \$579 million in tobacco settlement payments and taxes in FY2017.⁵
- The health care costs in Indiana, directly caused by smoking, amount to \$2.93 billion annually.
- Indiana loses \$3.17 billion in productivity each year due to smoking.⁶

STATE TOBACCO LAWS⁷⁻⁹

EXCISE TAX

- The state tax increased to \$0.995 per pack of cigarettes in July 2007. Indiana is ranked 37th in the United States for its cigarette tax. The national average cigarette tax is \$1.71 per pack of cigarettes. The highest state cigarette tax is New York (\$4.35) and the lowest state cigarette tax is Missouri (\$0.17).
- Moist snuff is taxed \$0.40 per ounce. All other tobacco products are taxed 24% of the wholesale price.



CLEAN INDOOR AIR ORDINANCES

- Smoking is prohibited in all government workplaces, private workplaces, schools, childcare facilities, restaurants, retail stores (retail tobacco and cigar specialty stores are exempt), and recreational/cultural facilities.
- Smoking restrictions are required in bars.
- There are no smoking restrictions in casinos/gaming establishments.

YOUTH ACCESS LAWS

- The minimum age requirement for the purchase of tobacco products is 18, and penalties exist for both minors and merchants who violate this law.
- Establishments are required to post signs stating that sales to minors are prohibited.
- The sale to minors of electronic smoking devices, including electronic cigarettes, is prohibited.

CESSATION STATISTICS AND BENEFITS

- The CDC estimates that 49.8% of adult every day smokers in Indiana quit smoking for one or more days in 2015.¹⁰
- The Affordable Care Act requires all Medicaid programs cover all tobacco cessation medications beginning January 1, 2014. 91
- Indiana state quitline invests \$1.01 per smoker; the national average investment per smoker is \$3.46.9
- Indiana does not have a private insurance mandate provision for cessation.

REFERENCES

- 1 CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2015
- 2 CDC, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System, 2015
- 3 CDC, State-Specific Prevalence of Current Cigarette Smoking and Smokeless Tobacco Use Among Adults—United States, 2014, MMWR
- 4 Indiana Adult Tobacco Survey, 2015
- 5 Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, Broken Promises to Our Children: a State-by-State Look at the 1998 State Tobacco Settlement 18 Years Later FY2017, 2016
- 6 Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, Toll of Tobacco in the United States, 2017
- 7 American Lung Association, SLATI State Reports, 2017
- 8 Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, State Cigarette Excise Tax Rates & Rankings, 2017
- 9 American Lung Association, State of Tobacco Control, 2017
- 10 CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation System, 2015