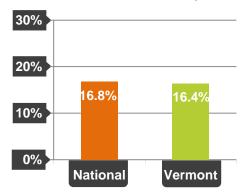




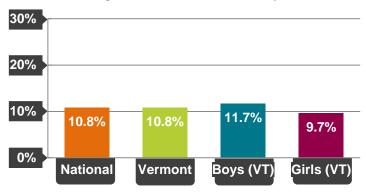
# TOBACCO IN VERMONT

#### CIGARETTE USE\*1-2

% of Adults Who Currently Smoke



% of High School Students who Currently Smoke



#### OTHER TOBACCO PRODUCT USE

- The prevalence of smokeless tobacco use among adults in Vermont was 2.8% in 2013.
  3.1% of adult current cigarette smokers in Vermont were also current smokeless tobacco users in 2013.<sup>3</sup>
- In 2015, 6.9% of high school students in Vermont used chewing tobacco, snuff or dip on at least one day in the past 30 days. Nationally, 7.3% of high school students used smokeess tobacco on at least one day in the past 30 days.<sup>2</sup>
- In 2015, 10.4% of high school students in Vermont smoked cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least one day in the past 30 days. Nationally, 10.3% of high school students smoked cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least one day in the past 30 days.<sup>2</sup>
- In 2015, 15.3% of high school students in Vermont used electronic vapor products on at least one day in the last 30 days. Nationally, 24.1% of high school students used electronic vapor products on at least one day in the last 30 days.<sup>2</sup>

## **ECONOMICS OF TOBACCO USE AND TOBACCO CONTROL**

- In FY2016, Vermont allocated \$3.7 million in state funds to tobacco prevention, which is 44% of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) Annual Spending Target.<sup>5</sup>
- Vermont received an estimated \$113 million in tobacco settlement payments and taxes in FY2016.<sup>5</sup>
- The health care costs in Vermont, directly caused by smoking, amount to \$348 million annually.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>\*</sup> National and state-level prevalence numbers reflect the most recent data available. This may differ across state fact sheets.

Vermont loses \$232.8 million in productivity each year due to smoking.<sup>6</sup>

## STATE TOBACCO LAWS<sup>7-9</sup>

#### **EXCISE TAX**

• The state tax increased to \$3.08 per pack of cigarettes in July 2015. Little cigars are taxed \$3.08 per twenty cigars, roll your own tobacco is taxed \$4.74 per ounce, snuff is taxed \$2.57 per ounce, new smokless tobacco products are taxed \$2.57 per ounce or \$3.08 per package if sold in a package weighing less that 1.2 ounces. Cigars are taxed 92% of the wholesale price if the wholesale cost is \$2.17 or less per cigar, \$2 per cigar if the wholesale cost is between \$2.18 and \$9.99 per cigar, and \$4 per cigar for cigars with a wholesale price of \$10 or more. Chewing tobacco and pipe tobacco are taxed 92% of the wholesale price.

### **CLEAN INDOOR AIR ORDINANCES**

• Smoking is prohibited in all childcare facilities, government workplaces, private workplaces, health care facilities, restaurants, bars, schools, retail stores and recreational facilities.

#### YOUTH ACCESS LAWS

- The minimum age requirement for the purchase of tobacco products is 18, and penalties exist for both minors and merchants who violate this law.
- Establishments are required to post signs stating that sales to minors are prohibited.
- No person shall display or store tobacco products for sale where they are accessible to consumers without direct assistance by sales personnel.
- The sale of bidis to both minors and adults is prohibited.
- The sale of tobacco substitutes, including electronic cigarettes, to minors is prohibited.

#### **CESSATION STATISTICS AND BENEFITS**

- The CDC estimates that 53.8% of adult every day smokers in Vermont tried to quit smoking for one or more days in 2014.<sup>10</sup>
- Vermont's Medicaid program covers all seven recommended cessation medications and individual and group counseling.<sup>8†</sup>
- The state's Medicaid program has no barriers to coverage.<sup>8</sup>
- Vermont's state quitline invests \$5.95 per smoker; the national average investment per smoker is \$3.37.8
- Vermont has a private insurance mandate provision for cessation.<sup>8</sup>

Fiore MC, et al. Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence: 2008 Update. Clinical Practice Guideline. Rockville, MD: US Department of Health and Human Services. Public Health Service: May 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> The seven recommended cessation medications are NRT Gum, NRT Patch, NRT Nasal Spray, NRT Inhaler, NRT Lozenge, Varenicline (Chantix), and Bupropion (Zyban).

#### **REFERENCES**

- <sup>1</sup> CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2014
- <sup>2</sup> CDC, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System, 2015
- <sup>3</sup> CDC, State-Specific Prevalence of Cigarette Smoking and Smokeless Tobacco Use Among Adults—MMWR, United States, 2011-2013
- <sup>4</sup> CDC, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System, 20135
- <sup>5</sup> Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, *Broken Promises to Our Children: a State-by-State Look at the 1998 State Tobacco Settlement 17 Years Later* FY2016, 2016
- <sup>6</sup> Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, State Tobacco Related Costs and Revenues, 2014
- <sup>7</sup> American Lung Association, SLATI State Reports, 2015
- <sup>8</sup> American Lung Association, State of Tobacco Control, 2016
- <sup>9</sup> Vermont Department of Taxes
- <sup>10</sup> CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation System, 2014